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ABSTRACT

About 3,000 educators have participated in Educ 521 human relations recertification programs sponsored by the Minneapolis Public Schools (MPS). In February 1975, the 755 participants who had processed their recertification forms were mailed a questionnaire to determine overall program effectiveness, differences among programs, and directions for future human relations education. /Based on the post-program reactions given by 75 percent of the participants, it was the evaluator's opinion that, considering the conditions under which the program was operating, the 521 program was valuable. Not all participants became more competent in the areas specified by Educ 521; in fact, a substantial percentage indicated that the program was not helpful. However, two-thirds of the participants did say that the program helped them increase their understanding of various ethnic/cultural groups, biases, and power/power/lessness. Three-fourths said they improved their communication skills; about half said they learned skills that could be used in the school setting; and about half said they interacted differently in the school setting as a result of the 521 program. Recommendations were made to offer a variety of 521 programs that/would meet the different needs of potential participants, define clearly the goals and activities of each program, offer voluntary/in-depth human relations programs beyond the 521 program, emphasize/real experiences in all programs, and explore some new approaches. / (Author/RC)

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An Evaluation of the Minneapolis Public Schools' Human Relations Recertification Program (Educ 521)

Lary Johnson

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An Evaluation of the Minneapolis Public Schools' Human Relations Recertification Program (Educ 521)

Summary

About three thousand educators have participated in Educ 521
human relations recertification programs sponsored by the Minneapolis
Public Schools (MPS). How effective were these programs? In February
1975 the 755 participants who have processed their recertification
forms were mailed a questionnaire designed by the MPS 521 Committee
and the MPS Research and Evaluation Department to determine overall
program effectiveness, differences among programs, and directions
for future human relations education. The results, based on a return
by 75% of those surveyed, indicated that:

Two-thirds of the respondents said they increased/their awareness or understanding of bias, discrimination, prejudice, power/powerlessness, human diversity, personal-rights, and various ethnic, cultural, and economic groups.

Half or fewer of the respondents said the 521 program helped them develop skills to deal with discrimination in the classroom, to deal with conflict situations in the school, and to promote positive relationships in the classroom.

Half of the respondents said they have interacted differently with teachers, administrators, students, and parents as a result of the 521 program.

Among teachers who have included human relations activities in their classroom, half stated that the 521 program helped them develop activities.

Skills for dealing with conflict situations and methods for promoting positive relationships in the classroom were the most frequently cited needs for further human relations education.

Eighty percent of the respondents said they would be interested in attending further human relations programs that guaranteed them skills that could be applied usefully in their school.

Recommendations were made to offer a variety of 521 programs that would meet the different needs of potential participants, define clearly the goals and activities of each program, offer voluntary in-depth human relations programs beyond the 521 program, emphasize real experiences in all programs, and explore some new approaches.

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This study was conducted at the request of, and in cooperation with, the Minneapolis Public Schools' 521 Committee. Credit for initiating and developing the evaluation plan should be given to the following sub-committee members: David Benolken, Sharon Buckner, Vicki Favorite, Barbara Schwartz, Barbara Shin, and Dale Wing. John Comstock, evaluation consultant with the State Department of Education, gave valuable advice during the planning phase. Other members of the MPS 521 Committee are William Hill, Gregory Lang, Leah LaBar, Maxine Nathanson, Gerri Perrault, John Schatzlein, Monroe Schlatus, Colleen Seamans, Susan Snyder, Cynthia Tyson and Theodore Zorn. Expert clerical assistance was provided by Lorraine Dunktey and Jane Goetz.

The evaluator particularly wants to express his appreciation to the three individuals who carry much of the responsibility for the development and coordination of human relations activities in three decentralized areas of the Minneapolis Public Schools: Sharon Buckner, Barbara Shin, and Cynthia Tyson. Their positive attitude toward evaluation is commended. They're also fun to be around. Readers seeking more information about the 521 recertification program in Minneapolis should contact these three people through the Department of Intergroup Education, directed by Associate Superintendent, Dr. Robert L. Williams.

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"The professionals in education...must also determine the appropriate learnings and experiences that an individual must have to make him more humane." Need statements such as this were the basis for the adoption of regulation Educ 521, Human Relations Components in All Programs Leading to Certification in Education, by the Minnesota State Board of Education on February 16, 1971.

Educ 521 states that "all applicants for certificates in education to be issued or renewed either on or after July 1, 1973 shall have completed a (60 hour) training program containing human relations components." More specifically, the human relations programs must be planned to develop the following four competencies in the participants:

- . Understand the contributions and life styles of the various racial, cultural, and economic groups in our society.
- . Recognize and deal with dehumanizing biases, discrimination, and prejudices.
- . Create learning environments which contribute to the self-esteem of all persons and to positive interpersonal relations.
- . Respect human diversity and personal rights.

An approved Minneapolis Public Schools (MPS) 521 human relations proposal elaborated on the four basic competencies, stating objectives for the participants within each area. See Appendix B for a copy of the MPS proposal.

521 ertification Programs in Minneapolis

As of February 1971, about twenty-five hundred certificated personnel in the Minneapolis Public Schools needed to complete the recertification requirements under Educ 521. To meet the needs of these people, a MPS 521 Committee, composed of community representatives and MPS personnel, was established in the spring of 1972. This committee, with authority from the State Department of Education, had the responsibility to approve, monitor, and evaluate human relations programs designed to satisfy Educ 521.

Twenty human relations programs designed and conducted by private contractors were approved by the 521 Committee during the past three years on the basis that they provided the content that would meet the four competencies outlined in Educ 521. 3

See Appendix C for a list of the twenty programs.



¹Taken from a position paper by the State Department of Education's Task Force for Human Relations in Teacher Education, September 14, 1970.

²See Appendix B for a copy of Educ 521.

The programs and recertification services also were open to individuals from outside the Minneapolis district. As of April 1975, 3025 people participated in one of the twenty programs. Seven hundred fifty-five of the participants have applied for recertification through the MPS' Department of Intergroup Education. Many of the other participants undoubtedly will apply for recertification when their certificates become renewable. About 70% of those who applied for recertification were MPS personnel.

The Evaluation Plan

Purpose of the Study

The following evaluation questions were addressed in this study.

- . How well did the 521 programs in Minneapolis meet the four competencies described in Educ 521 and in the MPS human relations proposal?
- . Has participation in the 521 programs had an effect on the behavior of the participants? In other words, are the participants doing anything differently in the school setting?
- . Were all 521 programs equally effective, or were there differences in program benefits among different programs?
- . What directions should human relations education take in the future?

Method

Planning for the study was begun in December 1974 by the MPS 521 Committee, the MPS Research and Evaluation Department, and an evaluation consultant from the State Department of Education. It was decided that the most feasible way to fulfill the purpose of the study was to conduct a survey of all participants in the Minneapolissponsored 521 programs who applied for recertification. Resources were not available to do more extensive controlled or field studies. Also, the 521 committee wanted the information by May 1975. Thus, the evaluation was limited to post-program reactions of people who completed the 521 programs and who applied for recertification. Hereafter, the 521 program participants will be defined as the people who completed a MPS sponsored 521 program and who processed their recertification forms.

Survey Returns

Questionnaires were mailed to all 755 educators who had completed Minneapolis-sponsored programs and applied for recertification through April 1, 1975. Completed questionnaires were returned by 557 participants, or 74% of the total group. One follow-up mailing was made to improve the return rate.





Results

Generally, the 52I programs received favorable ratings from the majority of participants. More than eighty percent of all participants agreed that the people who led their program were competent and that the consultants and resource people were good (Table 1 on page 4). About three-fourths said the methods used in their 521 program were appropriate. Sixty-nine percent said they would recommend their program to colleagues.

The Four Competencies

Did the 521 program participants become more competent in the four areas identified in Educ 521? In the competencies emphasizing awareness, knowledge, and understanding, about two-thirds of the participants indicated that the 521 program greatly or moderately helped them increase their (1) knowledge of contributions and life styles of various racial, religious, cultural, and economic groups, (2) awareness of bias, discrimination, and prejudice, (3) understanding of power/powerlessness, and (4) awareness of human diversity and personal rights. The majority of the respondents said the program was of "moderate" help rather than of "great" help. Seven percent said the program was no help. See Table 2 on page 5.

In the competencies emphasizing skill development, the 521 programs were not rated as favorably by the participants. With the exception of developing communication skills (such as listening giving and accepting feedback), where 71% of the participants said the 521 program was of great or moderate help, half or fewer of the participants said the 521 program was helpful in the following skill areas: skills that would enable one to use examples of discrimination positively in the classroom, skills that would help one to deal with a conflict situation in the school setting, and techniques or activities to promote positive interpersonal relationships in the classroom.

Effect on the Behavior of Participants

Did the participants interact differently with various members of the school-community as a result of the 521 program? About half of the participants said they have done "many" or "some" things differently in their interactions with teachers, administrators, majority students, minority students, and parents as a result of 521 (Table 3 on page 6). Most of the participants who said they interacted differently indicated "some" rather than "many" things.

About ninety percent of those who said they interacted differently gave an example of their changed behavior. The examples have been grouped according to



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Table l

Participants' Ratings of the Leaders and Medthods Used In the 521 Human Relations Programs

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		*		•					
	Statement	Response.	Prog	Prog	Prog	Prog	Prog	Prog	A11
			N=206	N=38	N=118	U N=57	E N=28	N=51	Programs N=557
	1. The people who	Strongly Agree	36%	31%	21%	. 59%	42%	14%	29%
	my 521 program	Agree .	52	995	45	. 64	20	64	, 55
	were competent.	Disagree	9	6	23	4	8	16	11
~		Strongly Disagree	. 9	м	111	4	0	7	9
	2. The consultants	Strongly Agree	22	, 21	25	20	3.58	11	22
4	used in my 521	Agree	64	55	59	. 65	43	26	. 61
ļ	program were	Disagree	6		15	13	, 61	27	. 13
	, ,	*Strongly Disagree	S	9	,	2	0	^	8
	3. The methods used	Strongly Agree	2,0 .	23	11	13.	36	2.	15
	were appropriate.	Agree	63	. 28	43 -	62	41	. ?	28
	•	Disagree	10	, 10	34	24)	23	25	1%
		Strongly Disagree	8	10°	13	5	. 0	23	6.
	4. I would recommend	Strongly Agree	31	38	.,16	-18	29 .	6	24.
	my colleagues	Agree	47	31	34,	53	42	47	45
	• •	Disagree	12	22	23	24	17	18	17
	•	Strongly Disagree	11	6	27	N,	13	27	15,
				•					

Table 2

Participants' Perceived Benefits in the Four Competencies of Iduc 521 As a Result of the 521 Human Relations Programs

						•		
Extent to which 521 program helped you in the following areas	Response	Prog	Prog B	Prog C	Prog D -	Prog E	Prog ,	All Programs
1. Increased my know-	Great Help	N=206 20%	<u>N=38</u> 29%	N=118	N=5.7 19%	N=28 7%	N=51 8%	N=557 16%
ledge of contribu- tions and life styles	Moderate Help	· · 55	37	47	56	48	53	52
of various racial, religious, cultural;	Little Help	22	^ 24	37	19	30	25	26
and economic groups in our sockety	No Help	2	11	01	, s 5	15	14	7
2. Increased my aware	Great Help	. 17	´5	. 12,	25	. 26	18	- 17
ness of bias, dis- crimina tio n, and prejudice in areas	Moderate Help	49	50) 35 ·	46	33	33	46 * '
such as race, .	Little Help	28	34	. 29	26	- 37	. , 39	29
religion, and sex.	No Help	6	11	. 14	. 4	. 4	10	8
3. Developed my under- standing of power/	Great Help	17	18	× 12	16	7 .	16	16
powerlessness and how it effects	Moderate Help	49 .	42	33	[^] 53	46	47 1	; 45
various American groups.	Little Help	27	29	39	.՝ 25	36	27	. 30
groups.	No Help	7	11 .	16	7	11	10	10
4. Developed skills that would enable	Great Help	9	3.	. 3	13	4	6	, 8 '
me to use examples of discrimination	Moderate Help	37	26	22	- 41	46 ′	24	34
positively in the classroom.	Little Help	41	55	49	34	29	45 .	41
e manager	No Help	13	16	26 .	13	21	25	17
5. Developed interpersonal community	Great Help	34	18	30	18	43	22	29
cation skills such as listening,	Moderate Help	41	53	42	42	36 .	31 •	. 42.
giving and accepting feedback.	Little Help	14	26	19 .	23	18	20	18 '
accopaing recuback.	No Help	100 .	3	9	18	4 1	27	11
6. Developed skills that would help.	Great Help	11 .	5 ^	8	14	22	6	10
me to deal with a	Moderate Help	38	34	27	27 -	44	33 -	35
in the school	Little Help	3.7	45	43	34	22	27	36
setting:	No Help	15	16	22	2 5	11 '	33	19 ,
7. Learned techniques or activities to	Great Help	14	3 .	12	18	25	6_	14
promóte positive interpersonal re-	Moderate Help	38	39	32	35	54 •	29	37
lationships in the classroom.	Little Help	33	47	36	≠ 28	11	31	32
	No Help	15	11	20	19	11	33	17
8. Increased my aware- ness and knowledge	Great Help	24 '	29	15	26	29	12	22
of human diversity and personal rights.	Moderate Help	. 44	39	42	47	36	45	44
F	Little Help	24	21	31 "	21	29	31	25
	No Help	. 8	11 -	13	5	7	12	9

Table 3

Changes in Participants' Behavior in the School Setting As a Result of the 521 Human Relations Programs

								•
Done anything differentl in following situations-		Prog	Prog B	Prog C	; Prog	Prog E	Prog F	All Programs
as a result of 521	Response	N=206	X=38	N=118	N=5.7	N=28	N=517	N=557
1. Interactions with	Many Things	5%	8%	4%	9%	25%	6%	7%
teachers ,	Some Things	52	58	56	54	39	56	54
	Nothing	32	.° 24	26	34	29	32	29
	Not Sure	10	11	14	4 .	7	6	9
2. Interactions with	Many Things	5	11	4	4	18 '	`6	6
administrators .	Some Things	36	32	46 , ,	42	39	44	41
	Nothing	51	45	37	47	32	44	43
•	Not Sure	8	13	12	7	11	6	9
3. Daily personal	Many Things	3	3	9	9 *	- 8	0	6 '
interactions with majority students	Some Things	52	34	.46	59	62	40	50
	Nothing	35	42	30	30	23	50	34
•	Not Sure	11	21	15	2	8	10	11
4. Daily personal	Many Things	4	, 5	7	9	4	2	6
interactions with minority students.	Some Things	30	34	· 43	54	52	56	42
	Nothing	57.	37	- 34	32	33	34	41 .
``.	Not Sure	9	, 24	16	5	11	.8	11
5. Interactions .	Many Things	3	3	5	4 .	14	0	4.
with majority students in con-	Some Things	42	29	41	49,55 \$	32	46	42
flict (problem)	Nothing	43	50	→ 35	\$9	39	52	41.
situations.	Not Sure	12	18	20	9	14.	2	13
6. Interactions	Many Things	3	0	5	4	4	2	4.
with minority · students in con-	Some Things	31	37 .	36	46	36 -	1, 46	38
flict (problem)	Nothing	5 6	• 45	40	42	46	48	47
situations.	Not Sure	10	18 -	18	9	14	4	12
7. Interactions	Many Things	3 .	0 -	. 5	5	7	0	5
` with parents. '	Some Things	31	37	28	55	33	41	• 36
•	Nothing	- 55 ·	47 -	. 53	38	48	51	50
	Not Sure	11	16	14 .	2	11,	8	10
Included in Your Classi	room Activities?		,	If Inclu	ded, Has the	521 Program	Been 'Helpfu	1?
Teachers Only (N=333)	Yes	Yes,	, No	Great	Moderate ,	Little	No ·	Not -
8. Multi-ethnic studies	A Lot	Some 41%	50%	Help 6%	Help 48%	Help 32%	Help 13%	5ure
9. Sexism	1,0	41	50	11	. 35	38	15	1
10. Racism	8/	37	55	5	54	2'8, →,	11	2
	,			`		/ ; .		•
1. Religion	, 2	20 .	78	3	29	43	24	2
12. Classroom activities specifically designed to build positive inte personal relationships		46	32 '	15	38	29	13	S
			1			\		

similar content. The numbers in parentheses indicate how many people gave a similar example.

Interactions with staff.

- . Tried to listen and understand (67)
- . More willing to state opinions and take risks (25)
- . More honest and open communication (18)
- . Requested clarification of statements (14)

Interactions with students.

- . Patience, listening, flexibility before action (22)
- . More acceptance of students' values (17)
- . Exploration of attitudes in student groups (11)
- . More understanding of students' feelings (8)
- . More personal contact with students (5)
- . Equality of standards and expectations (5)

Interactions with parents.

- . Listened to and encouraged parents' feelings (10)
- . Greater effort to get to know parents (7)

A substantial number of people said they had developed some recognized communication skills, such as better listening and use of clarification. At the same time, others said they had become more honest and willing to confront others with their opinions. Several people gave examples of interactions with students which indicated a greater understanding of students and increased interaction on a personal level.

What impact did the 521 programs have on classroom activities designed to develop positive interpersonal relationships and on classroom studies in the areas of multi-ethnicity, sexism, racism, and religion? As indicated in Table 3, about 75% of the teachers who participated in the 521 program said they had included activities in their classroom that were designed to develop positive interpersonal relationships, about 50% had included activities on multi-ethnic studies, racism, and sexism, and 25% had included activities on religion. The majority of these teachers said they included "some" rather than "a lot" of activities, although 21% said they included a lot of activities to build positive interpersonal relationships.

About half the participants who said they included human relations activities in their classroom stated that the 521 program had helped them develop the activities on multi-ethnic studies, racism, sexism, and interpersonal relationships. About

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one-third said 521 helped them with their activities in religion. In all areas, the percentage who said the 521 program provided a "great help" was small.

when asked to give examples of classroom activities that were used to develop positive relationships, at least five of the participants listed each of the following activities: studying group processes, personal awareness, values clarification, circle' groups, audio-visual materials with discussion, expressing feelings about real situations.

Restrictions to behavior change. Eighty-four percent of the participants said there were no conditions within their school setting that restricted the use of skills and knowledges gained from the 52 program. The following limiting conditions were listed by the participants who felt implementation of 521 skills was restricted in their setting:

- · Faculty is not ready or willing (17)
- . Few minority students in school (12)
- . Structured curriculum does not allow innovative teaching (7)
- . Time schedule too tight (7)
- . Students nct ready (5)
- . Not easily used in their subject area (4)

Differences Among Programs

Although twenty human relations recertification programs were approved by the MPS 521 Committee, only six programs had more than twenty participants who processed their recertification forms. These six programs have been labeled as Programs A-F in Tables 1-3. For each program, the number (N) of participants who completed the questionnaire represents more than 70% of all participants in each program who applied for recertification. Were there differences among programs in benefits as perceived by the program participants?

There were substantial differences among programs. For example, 79% of the Program E participants, and 42% of the Program B participants, said the 521 program greatly, or moderately, helped them learn techniques or activities to promote positive interpersonal relationships in the classroom (Table 2, item 7). Sixty-three percent of the Program D participants, and 34% of the Program A participants, said they have behaved differently in their daily personal interactions with minority students as a result of the 521 program (Table 3, item 4). Seventy-eight percent of Program A participants, and 50% of the Program C participants, said they would recommend their 521 program to their colleagues (Table 1, item 4).

The following procedure was used to obtain a general comparative measure of perceived program effectiveness. For each of the nineteen items in Tables 1-3, the percentages for the two most positive responses were summed for each program and for the total group of 521 participants. For example, the sum of the percentages for "Many Things" and "Some Things" for item 1 in Table 2 for all participants is 54% plus 7%. Next, the sum of the percentages for each item for each program was compared with the sum for all 521 participants. Table 4 on page 10 shows how the six programs compared with the total group of 521 participants on all items. The sum of percentages for each program was compared with the total response as follows:

- ++ The specific program was 5 percentage points or more favorable than the total group of participants.
- + The specific program was 1-5 points more favorable than the total.
- = The specific program was equal to the total.
- The specific program was 1-5 points less favorable than the total. . .
- -- The specific program was at least 5 points less favorable than the total group of participants.

Compared with the responses of all 521 participants, Programs D, E, and A received more favorable ratings than did Programs B, C, and F. For example, on ten of the nineteen questionnaire items, the participants in Program D rated their program at least five percentage points more favorably than the ratings of all 521 participants. On the other hand, the participants in Program F rated their program at least five percentage points less favorably than did the total group of 521 participants on twelve of the nineteen items.

Although the differences among the ratings of program effectiveness may be quite large in some instances, interpretations should be made cautiously. Results may not have been due to program effects. Perhaps through some non-random selection procedures the participants in different groups differed on variables associated with reactions to 521 programs; e.g. previous knowledge and skills in human relations areas, attitudes toward human relations programs.

Future Directions

The majority of the participants said that they had at least "some" need for further education in all areas usually associated with human relations education (Table 5 on page 11). Participants indicated that their greatest needs were in the most practical areas. Forty-one percent said they had a "great" need for skills to deal with conflict situations in the school and 32% expressed a "great" need for techniques and activities to promote positive interpersonal relationships in the



Table 4

Comparative Effectiveness of Six 521 Programs
As Perceived by the Program Participants

	_ '				×			
Item Content	Table	Item	Prog	Prog	Rrog	Prog	Prog	Porg
/	No.	No.	A	В		D	E	F
ncreased knowledge of various	2	1	++	_	! <u>_</u> \	. ++	`	
ife styles, cultures, preju-	2	'	į		1			
ices, power/powerlessness/		2	+		<u> </u>	++	_	
acism, personal rights.	2	3	++	-		.++		٠. +
and the second second	2	8	+	+	 > .	++	_	
							_	•
•		_						•
elped development of communi- ation skills and practical	1 1	5	+	=	+		++ .	
•	\$	4	+			++*	++	
kills to use in classroom and	2	6 ·	+			-	++	
chool setting.	2	7.						
	1 -	<i>'</i> ·	· +			 	, 11 ,	
•		,	•				λ	
elped improve interactions	3	1	_	+	· ·	+	ر+	+
ith members of the school	3	2		_	+	_	++ '	4
ommunity: teachers, students	,			_	7	_		Ŧ
arents, administrators.	3	3 .	-		-	++	++	
4	3	4 1			+	<u> + }+</u>	++	++
	3	5	_		+	++	+	+
	3	6					·	
		_	~		-	++	-	++
	3	7.				++	-	=
♣		•				į		4"
mpetency of program leaders,	1	1	+	4		_ ′	++	
propriateness of methods,	1 - 1	! !		•		_	- ' '	
ecommendation of program to	1	2 :	+		/+	+	-	
olleagues.	1	3.	**++	++		+	+	
	1	4	++	=	 - A	+	+ 1	
				•		•	,	

At least 5 percentage points more favorable than the total group	++	4 .	1 ,	,	10	8	2
1-5 percentage potits more favorable than the total group	+	9 *-	3	5,	5	4	4.
Percentage of favorable response was the same as the total group	=	0	2	0 ,	0	0	1
1-5 percentage points less favorable than the total group	_	2	4	3	3	5	0ز_
At least 5 percentage points less favorable than the total group.		4	.9 .	11	1 .	2	12.



Table 5

Future Needs for Human Relations Education as Indicated By Participants in the 521 Human Relations Programs

All Participants		Your Own Need Further Educat		En	nphasis in Futu: HR Programs?	re
Area '	Great	Some	None	Great	Some	None
1. Knowledge of Contributions and life styles of Various racial, religious, cultural, and economic groups in our society.	19%	69%	_ 12%	36%	56%	8%
2. Awareness of bias, discrimation, and prejudice in areas such as race, religion, and sex.	14	60	. 26	33	56	. 11
•		•	-		30	••
3. Interpersonal communication skills.	23	60	17	42	.47	11
4. Skills to deal with conflict situations in the school.	41	50	9	58	۴ 36	7
5. Techniques and activities to promote positive interpersonal relationships in the classroom.	32	56 ~	. 13	51	42	7 .
6. Materials and methods for teaching multi-ethnic studies	25	51	24	33	53	14
7. Materials and methods for teaching about racism.	23 .	48	30	31	52 ·	17
8. Materials and methods for ' © teaching about sexism.	22	49	29	29`	54	17
9. Materials and methods for teaching about religion.	17	40	42	23	48	29



classroom. About 25% expressed a great need for interpersonal communication skills and materials/methods to teach about multi-ethnicity, racism, and sexism.

The participants gave the following recommendations for future 521 programs designed for people who have not completed their recertification requirements. The recommendations were grouped according to similarity of content. Based on their experience, people who completed the 521 recertification requirement recommended that future Educ 521 programs include (1) materials and skills that can be used in the classroom and school, (2) options to meet the needs of individuals, and (3) experience with other cultures and ways of life. Some participants felt the personal awareness activities could be improved. Several participants recommended that the quality of the programs be checked.

Classroom and practical applications.

- . More relevant to classroom ~(12)
- . Work with materials that can be used in classroom (9)
- . Techniques to create human relations in classroom (9)
- . Specific materials related to classroom problems (9)
- . Skills that can be applied to school and classroom (8)
- . Skills to handle conflict situations (7)

Organization of program.

- Options to meet needs of participants (23)
- . Have staff take it together (8)
- . More input from teachers (7)
- . More clearly defined programs (5)
- . Concentrated rather than spread over weeks (9)

Communication skills

- Emphasize communication skills (12)
- . Less game playing (10)
- . Personal awareness was not helpful (10)
- . Some activities too intense (8)

Quality of programs.

- . Monitor and check qualification of program (21)
- . Some speakers and resource people were poor (8)

Content of program.

. Other cultures and ways, of life (22)





- . First-hand experiences with other cultures (8)
- . Deal with racism (10)

Requirements.

- . Life certificated should take it (11)
- . Drop the requirement (6)
- . Should be voluntary (5)
- . No fee (5)

What kind of program would the participants want if human relations education were continued beyond the Educ 521 requirements? Again the recommendations were grouped according to similarity of content. A substantial number of 521 participants suggested each of the following programs, if human relations education were to be continued beyond the Educ 521 requirements: materials or techniques to be used with students in the classroom, discussion of real situations and how to deal with them, understanding and interaction with other ethnic groups, communication skills. A substantial number also said that they had had enough human relations.

Classroom activities.

- . Materials and methods for actual use in classroom (34)
- . Involve students in human relations (9)
- . Intergroup relations in classroom (9)
- . Increase self-awareness in students (4)_

Use real situations.

- . Directly related to teaching and school situations (18)
- . Deal with interpersonal conflicts (10)
- . Deal with conflict situations (9)
- . Use real problems and real people (5)
- . Practice in the classroom (3)

Cultural awareness.

- . Greater understanding of ethnic groups, cultures (19).
- . Interaction with minorities, other cultures (12)

Communication skills.

. More communication, interpersonal skills (21)

Variety of programs.

- Offer courses in several areas (9)
- . More concentrated, narrower topics (3)
- . Individual interests (3)



Reactions to additional human relations.

- . Have had enough human relations (26)
- . Nothing, no more (17)
- . Voluntary (9)

However, if a human relations program existed which guaranteed that it would provide the participants with individual skills that could be applied usefully in their school, how interested would they be in participating? About 80% said they would be interested. The following percentages selected each response choice:

-	
Extremely interested	17%
Very interested ~	24%
Interested	38%
Not very interested	14%
Not interested at all	7%

Participant Response by Position

Administrators rated the 521 program as more beneficial than did the other four groups (see Table 6 in Appendix A, page 20). For example, two-thirds of the administrators, compared with about half of the members in the other groups, said the 521 program helped them develop skills to deal with conflict situations in the school setting. Also, about three-fourths of the administrators, compared with about half of the teachers, said their daily personal interactions with minority students had changed as a result of the 521 program.

Elementary teachers tended to view the 521 programs more favorably than did secondary teachers. Also, a greater percentage of elementary than secondary personnel indicated a need for more human relations education, particularly in the areas of materials and methods for teaching about multi-ethnicity, racism, religion, and sexism.

Participant Response by Experience

The participants' experience in education was separated into four categories: 1-4 years, 5-9 years, 10-19 years, and 20 or more years (see Table 7 in Appendix A, page 23). Participants with 1-3 years experience had less favorable opinions on several items than did participants with more experience. A smaller percentage of less-experienced than more-experienced participants said (1) that they developed skills that would help them deal with conflict situations and interpersonal relationships in the school setting, and (2) that their interactions with various members of



the school-community had changed as a result of the 521 program. Expressed needs for more human relations education did not appear related to experience.

Summary of Results

Three-fourths of the people who participated in 521 human relations recertification programs sponsored by the Minneapolis Public Schools, and who subsequently applied for recertification, completed a questionnaire designed to measure the participants' perceptions of the programs' effectiveness and to give direction to future human relations education. The results of this study showed that:

- 1. About two-thirds of the participants indicated that the 521 program helped them in the competencies that emphasized awareness and understanding of (a) contributions and life styles of various ethnic/cultural groups, (b) bias, discrimination, and prejudice, (c) power/powerlessness, and (d) human diversity and personal rights.
- 2. Seventy-one percent of the participants said the 521 program was helpful in developing communication skills.
- 3. Half or fewer of the participants said the 521 programs helped them develop skills in using examples of discrimination positively in the classroom, dealing with conflict situations in the school, and promoting positive interpersonal relationships in the classroom.
- 4. About two-thirds of the participants would recommend their 521 program to colleagues.
- 5. About half of the participants said they have interacted differently with teachers, administrators, students, and parents as a result of the 521 program.

 Better listening skills, openness, willingness to confront, and more personal contact, with students were mentioned frequently as examples of changed interactions.
 - 6. Of the participating teachers who said they have included human relations activities in their classroom, about half stated that the 521 program had helped them develop activities on multi-ethnic studies, racism, sexism, and interpersonal relationships. In all areas, the percentage who said the 521 program provided a "great help" was small. The help received tended to be "moderate."
 - 7. A small percentage (16%) of the participants said that conditions within the school setting restricted the use of skills and knowledges gained from the 521 program.



- 8. Some 521 programs were rated more favorably than others by the participants.
- 9. Although the majority of participants said they had at least some need for further education in all areas usually associated with human relations education, skills to deal with conflict situations and methods to promote positive interpersonal relationships in the classroom were identified as needs by the greatest percentage of the participants. A request for recommendations for future programs elicited a variety of suggestions: classroom activities, real situations, cultural awareness, communication skills.
- 10. Eighty-percent of the participants said they would be interested in attending a human relations program that guaranteed them skills that could be applied usefully in their school.
- 11. Elementary teachers tended to have more favorable views of 521 than did secondary teachers. Elementary personnel also indicated a greater need for more human relations education, particularly in the area of materials and methods for teaching about multi-ethnicity, racism, religion, and sexism.

Discussion

Although this discussion section is based on the data collected in this study, the evaluator's personal opinion has been included.

How valuable were the Minneapolis-sponsored Educ 521 programs? The answer to this question is limited by the fact that the only data available are post-program reactions of the participants. Direct evidence of increased competencies among participants, such as measured changes in cognitive behavior, or observed changes in actual behavior, are not available.

Nevertheless, based on the post-program reactions given by 75% of the participants, it is the evaluator's opinion that, considering the conditions under which the programs were operating, the 521 program was valuable. Not all participants, became more competent in the areas specified by Educ 521; in fact, a substantial percentage indicated that the 521 program was not helpful. However, two-thirds of the participants did say that the 521 program helped them increase their understanding of various ethnic/cultural groups, biases, and power/powerlessness. Three-fourths said they improved their communication skills; about half said they learned skills that could be used in the school setting; and about half said they interacted differently in the school setting as a result of the 521 program.

The following conditions under which the 521 programs operated may have influenced the results. Perhaps it was unreasonable to expect all, or even a large majority of the participants to benefit.

- 1. Since the program was mandatory for all people who needed recertification in some educational field, it seems likely that some people began the program with less-than-positive attitudes.
- It appears that Educ 521 assumes that all people have the same human relations needs; each program was expected to spend some time on each of four competencies. It is likely that many people had previous training or daily-living experiences that put them beyond the content of the 521 program (e.g. communication skills, cultural awareness), at least in some program areas.
- 3. The 521 program leaders probably were not aware of the needs of the people who were attending the program.
- 4. People with different needs probably signed up for the same program. Participants may have registered for a particular program because of a convenient time or location, rather than taking a program with people from the same school, or with similar interests.

In the evaluator's opinion, the most disappointing result was the limited help provided by 521 programs in developing skills that could be applied within the school environment. Perhaps there was not enough time to give extensive coverage to these skills. Perhaps some of the basic material could have been covered more quickly for those participants who had some of the desired competencies already. On the other hand, does a training program exist that <u>can</u> provide people with skills needed to develop positive relationships among students, to work effectively with racism issues in the classroom, and to deal with conflict situations?

In any case, the participants want practical help. In fact, eighty percent of those who completed the Educ 521 requirement said they would be interested in participating in a program that was guaranteed (although a guarantee would probably not be possible) to provide them with individual skills that could be applied in their school.

Recommendations

1. Future 521 recertification programs should give greater consideration to the differences among participants. Even though Educ 521 requires competencies in



several areas, it seems reasonable, based on the assumption that participants enter the program with different skills, knowledges, and needs, that a selection of programs should be offered that would more closely meet the needs of the participants. For example, programs could differ on the inclusion of basic versus advanced skills and experiences: awareness of various cultures versus skills to use cultural materials in the classroom; basic communication skills versus intensive personal awareness experiences versus techniques to use communication activities with students. For individuals with previously acquired basic competencies in all Educ 521 areas, they may benefit most from programs that concentrate on one competency; e.g. promoting positive interpersonal relationships in the classroom, dealing with racism in the school community. Different needs of 521 participants also may be better served by offering alternatives in program format or process, although the program content may be similar.

- 2. The content of 521 programs should be clearly defined, indicating competencies that will be stressed, activities that will be carried out, and entry skill levels desired.
- 3. Human relations programs beyond the 521 requirement should be offered on a voluntary basis. These programs should be developed to meet specific needs of individuals and should consist of in-depth work in well-defined areas.
- 4. Individual 521 programs and additional human relations programs should be monitored more closely. At the minimum, post-program evaluations should be conducted to determine the participants' ratings of the program's value.
- 5. In all programs, the activities should emphasize real experiences as much as possible: interaction with other ethnic, cultural, and economic groups; discussion of situations that actually exist in the school situation; personal interactions with individuals (both staff and students) with whom the participants have contact in the school setting.
- 6. New approaches to human relations education should be explored. One approach that may increase the relevance and applicability of human relations education would be to have a specialist working at a school with individuals or a group of staff members who have a clearly defined goal; e.g. positive interaction with students in the classroom, problem solving among staff members, conflict resolution among students.

Appendix A

Participant Response by Position and Years of Experience in Education

1





Table 6

Participants' Reactions to the 521 Program by Present Position in Education

		• *		4	•)
	Question	Response	Elem Tchr N=169	Seed Tchr N=164	Adminis trator N≅32	Other Elem N=94	Other Secd N=62
	dicate the extent to which t lped you in the following ar				,		
		<u> </u>	-			•	
1.	Increased my knowledge of contributions and life	Great Help	. 15%	13*	22\$	21%	11%
	styles of various racial,	Moderate Help	50	51	56	49	53
	religious, cultural, and	Little Help	29	27	22	21	, 24
	economic groups in our society.	No Help	5 '	8	ο,	9	11
2.	Increased my awareness	Great Help	20	12	25	22 ' '	8
	of bias, discrimination;	Moderate Help	40	50	41	48	52
,	and prejudice in areas such as race, religion,	Little Help .	34	30	31	16	34
	and sex.	No Help	6	8 ، ي	3 .	14	6 '
)	Davidson d. mit. under	Great Help	17	11 f	۰٬۰۰۰ و	23	.11
7	Developed my under- standing of power/	Moderate Help	42	39	- 66	46	50
1	powerlessness and how it	•	34	37	22	. 20	. 26
- ['effects various American groups.	Little Help	7	13	3	, 20	13
	•	No Help	'	13		11	13
/ 4.	Developed skills that	Great Help	12	6	9	5	8
١.	would enable me to use examples of discrimin-	Moderate Help	32	30	47	36	34
	ation positively in the	Little Help	42	43	34	39	42
	classroom.	No Help	14	21	9	20	16
5.	Developed interpersonal	Great Help	32	23	19	35	27
•	communication skills such	Moderate Help	40	42	72	 33	50
	as listening, giving and accepting feedback.	Little Help	19	21	9	18	A1
	, add opening add odd on,	No Help	10	13	0	14	11
	•	-	\	•	- 1	, ,,	٠.٨
Ą.	Developed skills that would help me to deal	Great Help	12	7	3 '	12	10
	with a conflict situation	Moderate Help	37	29	63	. 34	33
	in the school setting.	Little Help	36	41	28	32	38
	·	No Help	16	23	. 6	22	20
7.	Learned techniques or	Great Help	16	9	16	15	15
	activities to promote positive interpersonal	Moderate Help	35	36	44	35	41
	relationships in the	Litt de Help	33	33	₹ 38	32	34
	classroom.	No Help	16	23	÷ 3	, 18	10
8.	Increased my awareness	Great Help	27	20	25	26	, 13
٥.	and knowledge of human 🕝	Moderate Help	40	38	53	51	42
	diversity and personal rights.	Little Help	25	31	19	16	35
	'	No Help	8	11	3	8	10
							
fol	e you done anything different lowing situations that you o	tly in the an attribute		-			
to	the 521 program?	*		•	ı		
9.	Interactions with	Many Things	7%	7%	13%	11%	2%
	teachers.	Some Things	58	46	, 75	53	5 9
	,	Nothing,	26	36	(6 ⋅	28	27
	1	Not Sure	8	11	6	8	12
10.	Interactions with	Many Things	\$	<i>₩</i> . 5	13	10	° 7
	administrators.	Some Things	48	34	59	39	42
		Nothing	38	53	25	39	39
	,	Not Sure	1				
n"	•	,ioc ourc	9 20 3	. 8	3 .	12	12
			20				

Table 6
Participants' Reactions to the 521 Program by Present Position in Education (continued)

	Question	Response	Llem Tchr	Secd Tchr	Adminis trutor	Other Elem	Other Sec'd
11.	Daily personal inter-	Many Things	6%	6%	10%	4%	<u>seca</u>
	actions with majority students.	Some Things	55	49	, 62.	41	48
	seadenes.	Nothing	31	33	21	39	37
		Not Sure	8	12	7	16	10
12.		Many Things	6	6	de 17 mg .	6	3
	actions with minority students.	Some Things	43	41	64	40	37
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Nothing	44	40	21	39	47
,	i	Not Sure	. ?	14 ,	7	15	13
13.	,	Many Things	فهور خالورسه	, 3	.18	3	2
	students in conflict (problem) sítuatións.	Some Things	47	43	54	33	42
	(proofen) Situations.	Nothing	36	_ 42	21 &	43	48
	4	Not Sure *	12	12	7	20	8
14.	Interactions with minority	Many Things	3	4	, * 7	3	2
	students in conflict (problem) situations.	Some Things	40	36 '	64	33	35
	(problem, situations.	Nothing	45	49	21	44	57
		Not Sure	12	11	7	19	. 7
15.	Interactions with	Many Things	, 7	. 0	10	6 .	3
	parents.	Some Things		28	73	40	22
		Nothing	31		13		
		Not Sure	1	61		39	68
		Not Suite	10	<u></u>	3	15.	7
16.	Have conditions within your school setting restricted in any way your use of skill's	No	80%	83%	86%	85%	93%
_	and knowledge you may have received from the 521 program?	Yes	20	17	14	15	7
						-	
ndi	cate the extent to which you	agree or disagree	,				
ndi	cate the extent to which you a	agree or disagree ents.	,				h ~~
ith	each of the following stateme	agree or disagree ents. Strongly Agree	27%	23%	40%	35%	28%
ith	The people who led (organized) my 521 programs	ents.	,	23%	40% 56	35 % 48	28%
ith	The people who led (organized) my 521 programs were competent,	Strongly Agree	27%	•			
ith	The people who led (organized) my 521 programs were competent.	Strongly Agree	27 % 58 . 9	56	56	48	59
ith	The people who led (organized) my 521 programs were competent.	Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree	27% 58 9	56 , 14 , 7	56 4 · ,0 -	48 10 7	59 9 4 •
7.	The people who led (organized) my 521 programs were competent. The consultants (rerrource people) used in	Strongly Agree Agree Disagree	27% 58 9 6	56 14 7 	56 4 0 32	48 10 7 28	59 9 4 ·
7.	The people who led (organized) my 521 programs were competent. The consultants (rerrource people) used in my 521 program were good.	Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree	27% 58 9 6 21 58	56 14 7 18 62	56 4 0 32	48 10 7 28 60	59 9 4 ·
7.	The people who led (organized) my 521 programs were competent. The consultants (rerrource people) used in my 521 program were good.	Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Etrongly Agree Agree	27% 58 9 6	56 14 7 	56 4 0 32	48 10 7 28	59 9 4 ·
7. 8.	The people who led (organized) my 521 program, were competent. The consultants (retrource people) used in my 521 program were good.	Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Agree Disagree Disagree Strongly Disagree	27% 58 9 6 21 58 16 5	56 14 7 18 62 16 4	56 4 0 32 64 0 4	48 10 7 28 60 8 4	59 9 4 · 16 71 13 0
7. 8.	The people who led (organized) my 521 program, were competent. The consultants (retrource people) used in my 521 program were good. The methods used in my 521 program were	Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Etrongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Strongly Agree	27% 58 9 6 21 58 16 5	56 , 14 , 7 , 18 , 62 , 16 , 4	56 4 0 32 64 0 4 28	48 10 7 28 60 8 4	59 9 4 · 16 71 13 0
7. 8.	The people who led (organized) my 521 program were competent. The consultants (rerource people) used in my 521 program were good. The methods used in my 521 program were appropriate.	Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Strongly Disagree Strongly Agree Agree	27% 58 9 6 21 58 16 5 13	56 14 7 18 62 16 4 10	56 4 0 32 64 0 4 28 64	48 10 7 28 60 8 4 18 57	59 9 4 · 16 71 13 0
7. 8.	The people who led (organized) my 521 program were competent. The consultants (rerrource people) used in my 521 program were good. The methods used in my 521 program were appropriate.	Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Etrongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Strongly Agree	27% 58 9 6 21 58 16 5	56 14 7 18 62 16 4 10 57	56 4 0 32 64 0 4 28 64	48 10 7 28 60 8 4 18 57	59 9 4 · 16 71 13 0 16 56 20
7. 8.	The people who led (organized) my 521 program were competent. The consultants (retrource people) used in my 521 program were good. The methods used in my 521 program were appropriate.	Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Strongly Agree Agree Strongly Agree Agree Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Agree	27% 58 9 6 21 58 16 5 13 59 20 8	56 14 7 18 62 16 4 10 57 21	56 4 0 32,-7 64 0 4 28 64 8 0	48 10 7 28 60 8 4 18 57 16 9	59 9 4 16 71 13 0 16 56 20 7
7. 8.	The people who led (organized) my 521 program were competent. The consultants (rerrource people) used in my 521 program were good. The methods used in my 521 program were appropriate.	Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Agree Strongly Disagree	27% 58 9 6 21 58 16 5 13 59 20 8	56 14 7 18 62 16 4 10 57 21 12	56 4 0 32 64 0 4 28 64 8 0 40	48 10 7 28 60 8 4 18 57 16 9 26	59 9 4 16 71 13 0 16 56 20 7 23
7. 8.	The people who led (organized) my 521 program were competent. The consultants (retrource people) used in my 521 program were good. The methods used in my 521 program were appropriate.	Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Strongly Agree Agree Strongly Agree Agree Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Agree	27% 58 9 6 21 58 16 5 13 59 20 8	56 14 7 18 62 16 4 10 57 21	56 4 0 32,-7 64 0 4 28 64 8 0	48 10 7 28 60 8 4 18 57 16 9	59 9 4 16 71 13 0 16 56 20 7



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4.18

Table 6
Participants' Reactions to the 521 Program by
Present Position in Education (continued)

	Ø					
Question	Response	Elem - Tchr	Secd Tchr	Adminis trator	Other Elem	Othe 5ecd
For each of the following areas, indicextent of your need for more education						
21. Knowledge of contributions and	Great	21\$	14%	13%	. 26%	12%
life styles of various racial,	Some	72	68	69	69	68
religious, cultural, and economic groups in our society.	None	7	. 18	19	4	20
22. Awareness of bias, dis-	Great	. 15	12	13	14	10
crimination, and prejudice	Some	, 60	54	69 ·	68	58
in areas such as race, religion, and sex.	None	25	34	19 .	18	32
/ 23. Interpersonal communic-	Great	17 -	~21	25	31	30
ation skills.	5ome	63	55	69-	60	57
•	None	20	24	6	9	13
 24. 5kills to deal With	Great	• 42	35	48	47	37
conflict situations	Some	49	56	45	46	47
in the school.	None	9	10 '	, 6	8,	15
	Great	31	29	36	∖ 36	28
ities to promote positive	Some	58	57	46	56	53 ,
<pre>interpersonal relation- ships in the classroom.</pre>	None	10	14	18	. 9 .	19
6. Materials and methods for	Great	- 39	11	· 27	29	12
teaching multi-ethnic	Some		53	53	51	55
studies.	None	14	36	20 ·	20	33
7. Materials and methods for	Great	, 32	. 12	23	26	12
teaching about racism.	- Some	48	42	57	49	53
• ,	None .	€ 20	46	20	25	34
8. Materials and methods for	· Great	25 ·	15	27	24	14
teaching about sexism.	Some	53 •	t·44	53	51	50
• •	None ,	21	41	° 20	26	36
9. Materials and methods for	Great	21 .	13	• 14	21,	10
teaching about religion.	Some	40	34	59	43.	47
·	None	39	54	28	36	43
<u>~</u>						
O. How interested would you	Extremely Interested	. 13%	17%	30%	22%	17%
be in participating in a human relations program	Very Interested ·	21,	. 22	27	- 27	25
guaranteed to provide you	Interested	4 5	38	. 23	~32 /	42
with individual skills that could be appl <u>red</u>	Not Very Interested	- 13	14	20	14	13
usefully in your school?	Not Interested At All	. 7	10	0	• 5	3
			1			

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Participants' Reactions to the 521 Program By Years of Experience in Education

Question	Response	1-3 Years N=94	4-9 Years N=270	10-19 Years N=130	2M Years or More N=52
Indicate the extent to which the 52	l program				
helped you in the following areas.	,			•	
1. Increased my knowledge of contributions and life	Great Help	6%	16%	22%	17%
styles of various racial,	Moderate Help	54	53	√ 5 0	48
religious, cultural, and	Little Help	35	23	22	29
economic groups in our society.	No Help	4	8	7	6
2. Increased my awareness	Great Help	10	17	17	. 23
of bias, discrimination, and prejudice in areas	Moderate Help	52	46	48	38
such as race, religion,	Little Help	31	29 '	27	29
and sex.	No Help	7	.7	, 8	10
3. Developed my under-	Great Help	12	16 -	17	21
standing of power/ powerlessness and how it	Moderate Help	43	45g ·	43	52
effects various American	Little Help	34	31	29	19
groups.	No Help	11	9 ,	11 '	8
4. Developed skills that	Great Help	4	7,	12	8
would enable me to use examples of discrimin-	Moderate Help	22	33	38	45
ation positively in the	Little Help	46	43	39 ኇ	31
classroom.	No Help	28	17 .	. 11	16
5. Developed interpersonal	Great Help	22	33	. 28	25
communication skills such	Moderate Help	38	37	52	50
as listening, giving and accepting feedback.	Little Help	21	20	11	19
	No Help .	18	10	10	6
5. Developed skills that	Great Help	11	13	6	6
would help me to deal	Moderate Help	21	32	44	48
with a conflict situation in the school setting.	Little Help	40	` 36	38	31
· ·	No Help.	28	19	12	15 .
. Learned techniques or	Great Help	10	16	14	10
activities to promote	Moderate Help	28	36	41	52
positive interpersonal relationships in the	Little Help	38	31	335	23
classroom.	No Help	24 4	16	13 .	15
. Increased my awareness	Great Help	15	25 . ,	22	21
and knowledge of human diversity and personal	Moderate Help	40	, 41	47	48
rights.	Little Help	35	25	<u>. 22</u> ·	21
•	No Help.	10م	8	9	10
ave you done anything differently in ituations that you can attribute to	the following	,		· ·	
•					,
. Interactions with , teachers.	Many Things	7%	7%	9%	8%
•	Some Things	45	5 6	- 54	60
	Not Sure	38 10	29 8	26	. 21
	Not Sure	t		10	12
. Interactions with administrators.	Many Things	7	5	9	4
	Some Things	34	43	42	48
•	Nothing	53	43	38	38
~	Not Sure	· EO	9	11	10

Table 7

Participants' Reactions to the 521 Program By Years of Experience in Education (continued)

	Question	Response	1-3 Years	4-9 Years	- 10-19 Years	20 Yea or Mo
1.	Daily personal inter-	Many Things	2%	7% -	8%	2%
	actions with majority /	Some Things -	39 ,	51	.53	60
	students.	Nothing	50	31	29 '	26
	aharray .	Not Sure	9	117	10	12
2.		Many Things	2	, 7	6	. 6
	actions with minority students.	Some Things	33	41	46	52
	scudencs.	Nothing	52	41	38	₹ 29
	·	Not Sure	13	11	10	43
3.	Interactions with majority	Many Things	1	5	4	6
	student in conflict	Some Things	30	45	47	. 38
	(problem) situations.	Nothing	56	37°	35	46
	•	Not Sure	13	12	14	10
	Interactions with minority	Many Things	1	4	5	6
	students in conflict	Some Things	29	40	39	40
	(problem) situations.	Nothing	59	45	42	40
		Not Sure	10 -	_ 11	14	13
	Interactions with parents.	Many Things	1	5	4 ,	. 8
•	interactions with parents.	Some Things	29	35	43	. 35
	•	Nothing	60	49	44	45
		Not Sure	,10	11	9 -	12
			1			
•	Have conditions within your school setting restricted in any		25.	074	90%	87%
	way your use of skills and know-	No	75%	83%	90%	07
ledge you may have received from the 521 program?		Yes	25	. 17	10	13
di th	cate the extent to which you agree each of the following statements.	or disagree			,	<u> </u>
	The people who led (organized),	Strongly Agree	28%	31%	26%	29%
	my 521 program were competent.	Agree	52	51	64	53
	, ,	Disagree	11	12	7	11
		Strongly Disagree	. 9	5	3	7. 7
	The consultants (resource	Strongly Agree	19	24	24	17
	people) used in my 521	Agree	65	58 .	64	63
	program were good	Disagree	13	16	10	. 8
		Strongly Disagree > ,	4 •	2 ,	3	13
	The methods used in my 521	Strongly Agree	13	16	15	17
	program were appropriate.	Agree	51	59	60	56
,		Disagree	21	17	21	17
	`	Strongly Disagree	14	8	ź 5	10
			. 19	26	24	23
•	I would recommend my 521 program to my colleagues.	Strongly Agree	40	42	52 52	45
	1	Agree	i	42 17	13	15
		Disagree	22	17	13	1.5
	•	Strongly Disagree	19	14	'11	17

Participants' Reactions to the 521 Program by Years of Experience in Iducation (continued)

	Question	Response	1-3 Years	1-9 Years	10-19) ears	20 Year or Mor
For	-each of the following areas, indi	cate the				
ext	ent of your need for more education	<u>n. </u>				,
21.	5	· Great	20%	19%	20%	16%
	life styles of various racial, religious, cultural, and	Some	69	71	65	63
	economic groups in our society.	- None	10	10	15	, 20
22.		Great	20	14	13	8
	ation, and prejudice in areas such as race, religion and sex.	Some	55	64	56	57
•	toden as race, religion and sex.	None	25	23	31	35
23.	Interpersonal communication	Great	26	22	20	29
	skills.	Some	63	60	64	44
		None	-11	18 ′	154	27
4.	Skills to deal with conflict	Great	51	42	31	37
	situations in the school.	Some	43	50	56	49
		None	7	8	13	14
5.	Techniques and activities	Great	39	32	26	29
	to promote positive inter-	Some	55 .	56	62	42
personal relationships in the classroom.	None	6 •	12 ′	13	29	
6.	Materials and methods for	Great	31	26	22	. 17
• •	teaching multi-ethnic studies.	Some	47	48	57	60
	•	None 4	22	. 26	21	23
7	Motorvals and makeds for				•	3
<i>,</i> .	Materials and methods for teaching about racism.	Great	26	23	20	21
		Some	48 26	45 32	52	52
	•	None	26	32	28	27 s
8.	Materials and methods for teaching about sexism.	• Great	23	23	19.	. 15
	todening about sexism.	Some	· 52	47	53	50
	•	None	25 ۾	30	27	35
9.	Materials and methods for	Great	20	19	18 ,	8
	teaching about religion.		41	38	42	48
		None	39	44	40	44
).	How interested would you be	Extremely Interested	20%	17%	16%	18%
	in participating in a human	Very Interested	22	22	29	26
	relations program guaranteed to provide you with individual	Interested	44	38	35	36
	skills that could be applied usefully in your school?	Not Very Enterested	8	15	17~	12
	aborati, in your school:	Not Interested At All	- 6 '	8	4	8

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Appendix B

Educ 521, Human Relations Components in All Programs Leading to Certification in Education

Elaborated Competencies from the Minneapolis 521 Human Relations Proposal



TEACHER CERTIFICATION SECTION STATE OF MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ST. PAUL 55101

CHAPTER 27: EDU 520-539
COMPONENTS TO BE INCLUDED IN ALL PROGRAMS LEADING TO CERTIFICATION
IN EDUCATION

Edu 520 Scope of Chapter; Definition. The provisions of this chapter apply to all persons whose initial certification was contingent upon the possession of a baccalaureate or higher degree in education. As used in this chapter, the term "certificated personnel" means person or persons holding a certificate, the obtaining of which was contingent upon the possession of a baccalaureate or higher degree in education.

Educ 521 Human Relations Components in All Programs Leading to Certification in Education.

- (a) All applicants for certificates in education to be issued or renewed either on or after July 1, 1973 shall have completed a training program containing human relations components. Such components shall have been approved by the state board of education.
- (b) Human relation components of programs which lead to certification in education will be approved upon submission of evidence:
- (1) Showing that the human relations components have been developed with participation of members of various racial, cultural, and economic groups.
- (2) Showing that the human relations components are planned to develop the ability of applicants to:
- (aa) Understand the contributions and life styles of the various racial, cultural, and economic groups in our society, and
- (bb) Recognize and deal with dehumanizing biases, discrimination, and prejudices, and
- (cc) Create learning environments which contribute to the self-esteem of all persons and to positive interpersonal relations, and
 - (dd) Respect human diversity and personal rights.
- (3) Relating all of the areas enumerated in Edu 521(b)(2) to specific competencies to be developed, and
 - (4) Indicating means for assessment of competencies.

Adopted by the Minnesota State Board of Education on February 16, 1971.



Extracted from the Minneapolis 521 Human Relations approved proposal.

Part I. Competencies for the 521 Program

Teacher Competencies

- (aa) Understand the contributions and life styles of the various racial, cultural and economic groups in our society.
- 1. Participant will demonstrate a knowledge of the differences and similarities between race, color, religion, creed, national origin, ethnic groups, culture and life styles.
 - a. Participant will demonstrate the true definition of race and an awareness of practical application and implications of each term as they relate to prejudice and discrimination în U.S. society.
 - b. Participant will demonstrate the true definition of color and an awareness of the practical application and implications of color as they relate to prejudice and discrimination in U.S. society.
 - c. Participant will demonstrate the true definition of creed and an awareness of the practical application and implications of creed as they relate to prejudice and discrimination in U.S. society.
 - d. Participant will demonstrate the true definition of national origin and an awareness of the practical application and implications of national origin as they relate to prejudice and discrimination in U.S. society.
 - e. Participant will demonstrate the true definition of ethnic groups and an awareness of the practical application and implications of ethnic groups as they relate to prejudice and discrimination in U.S. society.
 - f. Participant will demonstrate the true definition of culture and an awareness of the practical application and implications of culture as they relate to prejudice and discrimination in U. S. society.
 - g. Participant will demonstrate the true definition of life styles and an awareness of the practical application and implications as they relate to prejudice and discrimination in U.S. society.
 - h. Participant will demonstrate the true definition of religion and an awareness of the practical application and implications of religion as it relates to creed, prejudice and discrimination in U.S. society.
- 2. Teacher and student are experiencing new norms of cultural awareness and diversity of life styles that are developing and/or expanding in our 20th century American culture. Some patterns may seem unique, even alien to some teachers. Examples of these are: communal living, more single parent homes, more welfare families, more families with an alcoholic member, different definitions of sexual roles, poor whites, drug usage, the aged, more children who have had contact with the law and mentally and physically handicapped.



- a. Participant will demonstrate a working knowledge of how the value systems and life styles may differ depending on the students' reference group.
- b. Participant will demonstrate awareness of possible behavior pattern variance because of these factors.
- 3. Participant will demonstrate knowledge of the current trends among Mexican-Americans, Indian Americans, Black Americans and Oriental Americans related and paralleled to their historical contributions.
 - a. They will demonstrate knowledge of beliefs of 20th century representatives of each minority group.
 - b. They will demonstrate knowledge of life styles and how life styles are similar and/or different within a minority group.
 - c. They will demonstrate knowledge and/or awareness of the minority youth dealing with his or her minority status in relation to his or her self-concept.
- 4. Participant will demonstrate knowledge of the present status of women.
 - a. Participant will become aware of the dimensions of sex-role stereo-typing and how this relates to the current status of women.
 - b. Participant will become aware of the process of sex-role stereotyping with special emphasis on the part played by education.
 - c. Participant will demonstrate knowledge and/or awareness of the young woman dealing with her secondary status in relation to her self-concept.
 - d. Participant will demonstrate knowledge of life styles and how life styles are similar and/or different according to sex-role conditioning.
 - e. Participant will demonstrate knowledge of the historical contributions of women with special emphasis on the 20th century.
- 5. Participant will demonstrate the ability to recognize alienating language (verbal and non-verbal) that has the potential of dehumanizing another individual.
 - a. They will also show skill in dealing with situations where such a conflict has arisen.
 - ,b. They will keep a vocabulary list of words and non-verbal actions that they become acquainted with as they progress through their 521 program.
- 6. Participant will demonstrate the ability to recognize how media affects U.S. society. They will demonstrate techniques to Affect this influence.
- 7. Participant will demonstrate the ability to recognize biases and prejudices in instructional materials. They will also demonstrate how they would deal with these materials in a classroom situation.
- 8. Participant will demonstrate awareness of discriminatory practices in self, in others, and in society.

- (bb) Recognize and deal with dehumanizing biases, discrimination and prejudices.
- 1. Participant will agree upon the denotative definitions of the terms bias and prejudice. They will then describe in a paragraph the similarities and differences of these two words.
- 2. Participant will make a list of areas of the most common prejudices in respect to dehumanizing biases.
 - a. Through group discussions they will rank them in order of importance to society.
 - b. They will try to determine whether the prejudice is due to misinformation or lack of information on the subjects.
 - c. They will expand their list and note how their perceptions change as they progress through the 521 program.
- 3. Participant will demonstrate the ability to deal with the concepts of power and powerlessness as it relates to their biases and prejudices. They will list examples of how a bias can give one individual a sense of power as it dehumanizes another individual.
- 4. Participant will agree upon a denotative definition of the term stereotype.
 - a. They will demonstrate the ability to distinguish stereotyping in conversation, the media and in instructional materials.
 - b. They will demonstrate an understanding of how stereotypes are transmitted.
 - c. They will demonstrate an understanding of how one's stereotypes are reflective of one's value system contrasted to other value systems.
- 5. Participant will demonstrate the ability to deal with institutional, cultural and personal racism.
- 6. Participant will demonstrate the ability to deal with institutional, cultural and personal sexism.
- 7. Participant will demonstrate the ability to deal with power and powerlessness and demonstrate the ability to use power creatively.
- 8. Participant will demonstrate ability to deal with conflict situations resulting from racial, cultural or economic differences.
- 9. Participant will demonstrate an understanding of kinesics and the effects that non-verbal actions can have on verbal communication. They must also demonstrate awareness of how non-verbal symbols can vary within the culture as among racial and economic groups.
- 10. Spoken languages varies among socio-economic and racial groups. Participant will keep a list of words and/or phrases used by individuals or groups, be able to define these words as the user would define them and describe his or her feelings about the word and its usage.



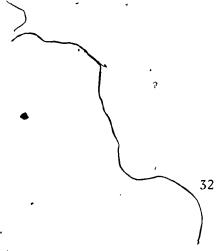
- (cc) Create learning environment which contributes to the self-esteem of all persons and to positive interpersonal relations.
- 1. Participant will demonstrate a knowledge of the process of group development.
 - a. Participant will demonstrate a variety of behaviors relevant to the accomplishment of the group task.
 - 1. initiating
 - 2. seeking information and opinion
 - 3. giving information and opinion
 - 4. clarifying
 - 5. elaborating
 - 6. summarizing
 - 7. consensus testing
 - b. Participant will demonstrate a variety of behaviors relevant to group maintenance.
 - 1. gate keeping
 - 2. compromising
 - 3. harmonizing
 - 4. encouraging
 - 5. standard setting and testing
- 2. Participant will demonstrate an openness to new experiences.
 - a. Participant will demonstrate a willingness to share problems with others.
 - b. Participant will demonstrate a willingness to give and receive constructive (descriptive not evaluative) feedback.
 - c. Participant will demonstrate a willingness to engage in communication exercises.
 - 1. listening
 - 2. paraphrasing
 - 3. perception checking
 - 4. expressing and accepting feelings
 - d. Participant will demonstrate a willingness to understand a viewpoint different from their own.
- 3. Participant will demonstrate the ability to develop objectively to the group's functioning.
- 4. Participant will demonstrate skill in creating an open learning environment.
- Participant will demonstrate knowledge of at least five different kinds of small group activities, e.g., brainstorming, discussion, task, etc.
 - 6. Participant will demonstrate skill in assisting students in having success experiences in the classroom.
 - 7. Participant will demonstrate an ability to use a sociogram as a technique in the classroom.



- 8. Participant will demonstrate ability to use role-playing appropriately in the classroom setting, i.e., timing, setting.
- 9. Participant will demonstrate skills in working together cooperatively and being mutually supportive in developing a total learning environment.
- 10. Participant will demonstrate the ability to encourage shared responsibility with students in curriculum planning and discipline procedures.

(dd) Respect human diversity and personal rights

- 1. Participant, will demonstrate awareness of the impact of judgemental statements and behavior on others.
- 2. Participant will accept diversity in the classroom.
- 3. Participant will demonstrate an ability to apply human diversity constructively as a resource in the classroom and the community.
- 4. Participant will demonstrate the ability to offset remarks or behavior that are insensitive to human diversity or personal rights.
- 5. Participant will demonstrate a willingness to support the right of due process for all people.
 - a. Participant will demonstrate an awareness of their legal rights as they relate to the field of education.
 - b. Participant will demonstrate an awareness of the student's legal rights within the school setting.
 - c. Participant will read and discuss the document "Student Rights and Responsibilities," adapted June 8, 1971 by the Minneapolis Board of Education.
 - d. Participant will demonstrate an awareness of a parents' legal rights as they apply to their child in a school setting.
 - e. Participant will demonstrate an awareness of the legal rights of a young person and an understanding of how due process differs for juveniles.



Appendix C

The Twenty Human Relations Recertification Programs Approved by the Minneapolis 521 Committee

- 1. Human Resource Associates Don May, Dave Holmstetter.
- 2. Alternative Behaviors Associates Bruce Beath, Jack Worel, Bob and Jackie Randleman.
- 3. Human Interaction Laboratory Dick Fuller.
- 4. Sister Kenny Institute Betty Jenkins.
- 5. St. Mary's Conference.
- 6. J.R.S. Human Relations Program James Selby.
- 7. The "Seventh Sense" Gene Sylvester Associates
- 8. YMCA Human Relations and Group Dynamics Paul Norman.
- 9. New World Human Alliance Kenneth Burton.
- 10. Cultural Encounter Barbara Greenwald.
- 11. Counselors' Workshop
- 12. Cultural Awareness Richard Green
- 13. Cross Cultural Understanding Jermaine Arendt.
- 14. Glasser: Human Relations in Schools Without Failure Beth Erickson.
- 15. Alfred Adler Institute Nancy Newman, Pat Davis.
- 16. United Minorities for Better Understanding LaRaye O'Brien, Jim Selby.
- 17. Cross Cultural Communications Robert Moran.
- 18. A Human Relations Curriculum: The Differential Description of Language Patterns Carol Hufnagle.
- 19. Federation of Alternative Schools Human Relations Program.
- 20. Latini Program, Special Education Nancy Latini



APPENDA

Minneapolis Public Schools 521 Human Relations Recertification Program

Your frank response to this questionnaire will help assess the value of the 521 human relations recertification programs and give direction to future programs. There are no right or wrong answers, just opinions. Return in the enclosed envelope. Thank you very much.

<u>Help</u>

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Indicate the extent to which participation in the 521 human relations program helped you in each of the following areas by circling the number under the appropriate response.

Great Moderate Little No

Help

<u>Help</u>

- (4) Increased my knowledge of contributions and life styles of various racial, religious, cultural, and economic groups in our society.
- (5) Increased my awareness of bias, discrimination, and prejudice in areas such as race, religion, and sex.
- (6) Developed my understanding of power/powerlessness and how it effects various American groups.
- (7) Developed skills that would enable me to use examples of discrimination positively in the classroom.
- (8) Developed interpersonal communication skills such as listening, giving and accepting feedback.
- (9) Developed skills that would help me to deal with a conflict situation in the school setting.
- (10) Learned techniques or activities to promote positive interpersonal relationships in the classroom.
- (11) Increased my awareness and knowledge of human diversity and personal rights.

students in conflict (problem) situations.

(18) Interactions with parents.

Have you done anything differently in the following school situations that you can attribute to your participation in the \$21 human relations program?

•	· •				
,	1.	Many , Things	Some Things	Nothing	Not Sure
(12)	Interactions with teachers.	1	2	3 .	4
(13)	Interactions with administrators.	1 '	2	3	4
(14)	Daily personal inter- actions with majority students.	1 ;	• [*]	3	18.g
(15)	Daily personal inter- actions with minority, students.	1	2	3	. 4
(16)	Interactions with majority students in conflict (problem) situations.	y 1	2	3	. 4
(17)	Interactions with minority	y		Fi.	[

Please take the time to complete this question.

- (19) If you checked "Many Things" or "Some Things" for any of items 12-18, choose one of the items and answer the following: Number of item used...
 - (a) How did you behave differently? Describe specifically what you did.

(b) Describe how this behavior can be attributed to participation in the 521 human relations program.

41

34

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ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

Listed below are several topics that could be included in the classroom. For each one, indicate whether or not these topics have been included in your classroom activities or curriculum since your participation in the 521 human relations program. Then, for any of the topics where you checked YES (either A Lot or Some), indicate to what extent the 521 program has been helpful.

		•		uded in your oom Activities? Has the 521 Program Been Helpfo			Helpful?	ul? '			
	,	A	Yes, A Lot	Yes, Some	<u>No</u>		Great. Help	Moderate Help	Little Help	No <u>Help</u>	Not Sure
• (2	20)	Multi-ethnic studies	1	2	3	(25)	r	2	3	4	5
(2	21)	Sexism	1	2	3	(26 _.)	1	2	3	- 4	5
(2	22)	Racism	1	2.	3	- (27)	1	THE PARTY	3	4	5
. (a	23)	Religion	ļ	2	3	(28)	1	2	<i>.</i> 3	4,	5
· (2	4)	Clasifoom activities speci-	<u>.</u>			(29)	1	2	3.	4	5
)	····	fically designed to build positive interpersonal re- lations.	1	2	3				-+		į

Please take time to complete this question.

- (30) If you answered Yes to any of items 20-23, and if you also answered that the 521 program has been of Great or Moderate Help on any of the same items, choose one of the items and answer the following:

 Number of item used ______.
 - (a) Describe what your that and estimate how many hours were spent on the activity in a school year.
- (b) Describe how the 521 program has been helpful in this situation.



⁽³¹⁾ If you answered Yes to item 24, and if you also answered Great or Moderate Help to item 29, answer the following:

⁽a) Describe the classroom activities used and estimate how many hours were spent on the activities in a school year.

⁽b) Describe how the 521 program has been helpful in this situation.

(32)	Have conditi	tions wi	thin y	rour schoo	l, set	tine	3
	restricted	in any	иву ус	rur use of	skil	ع عل	ind
•	knowledges	you may	have	received	from	the	521
	program?	•		8.7			

_____1. No

____ 2. Yes

"If you checked Yes, please explain.

Indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree with each of the following statements; Strongly Agree (SA), Agree (A), Disagree (D), and Strongly Disagree (SD).

	•	32	≏	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
(42)	The people who led (organized) my 521 program were competent.	1	2	3	4
(43)	The consultants (resource people) used in my 521 program were good.	1	2	•3	, 4 :
(44)	The methods used in my 521 program were appropriate.	 . 1,	2	3.	4
(45)	I would recommend my 521 program to my colleagues.	1	2	3	4

Now that you have completed your 521 human relations requirement, what direction should human relations education take in the future? For each of the following areas, first indicate the extent of your need for more education, and second, indicate how much each of these areas should be emphasized if human relations programs are continued in the future for individuals such as yourself.

Area	Your Fur	r Own Need ther Educa	For tion?			s In Future rograms?	
	Great	Some	None'		Great	Some	None
(3b) Knowledge of contributions and life styles of various racial, religious, cultural, and economic groups in our society.	ı,	2	` 3 <u>,</u> `	(46)	1.	2	3
(34) Awareness of bias, discrimination, and prejudice in areas such as race, religion, and sex.	1	2	3	(47)	· 1`,	2	3
(35) Interpersonal communication skills.	1	2	3	(48)	1	2 ,	3
, (36) Skills to deal with conflict situations in the school.	ı	'2 `	3	(49)	1 '	2 ,	3
(37) Techniques and activities to promote positive interpersonal relationships in the classroom.	12.	2 .	3	(50)	ı	2	3 .
(38) Materials and methods for teaching multi-ethnic studies.	1 ,	2 `	3	` (51)	ı	ìż	'、3
(39) Materials and methods for teaching about racism.	1,	2 .	. 3	(52)	ı	. 2 .	3
(40) Materials and methods for teaching about sexism.	1	2	3	(53)	.1	. 2 .	3
(41) Materials and methods for teaching - about religion.	, 1 ·	2	. 3	(54) ⁻	1.	. 2	3
- Starter Starter	,		, ,	w7		•	

(55) Imagine the existence of a human relations program guaranteed to provide you with individual skills that could be applied usefully in your school.	(61) What recommendations do you have for the structure and organization of 521 human relations programs for people that have not completed the recertification.
How interested would you be in participating in such a program?	cation requirements?
1. Extremely interested	
2. Very interested	
3. Interested	
4. Not very interested	
5. Not interested at all	
(5%) What is your present position?	J ;
1. Elementary teacher	\
2. Secondary teacher	- /
3. Administrator	
4. Other elementary	(62) IS human malestons anomany your continued beyond
5. Other secondary	(62) If human relations programs were continued beyond the 521 requirements, what kind of program would you like to see?
(57) Total years of experience in education (including this year).	
1. 1-3 years	
2. 4-9 years	, ••
3. 10-19 years	,
4. 20 years or more	1
(58) What is your sex?	
1. Male	٠ , ,
2. Female	•
(50) What is your racial-ethnic background?	
1. Asian American	
2. Black American	
3. Indian American	
4. Spanish-surnamed American	(63-64) Recertification Program Code
5. White American	Return in the enclosed envelope, or to:
(50) What is your religion?	Research and Evaluation Department 807 N. E. Broadway Minneapolis 55413
1. Christian	
2. Jewish	January Research and Evaluation Department 1975 Minneapolis Public Schools
3. Other	

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